REVISED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

of

CHERI L. HARDEN

Rates Department

Financial Analysis Division

Illinois Commerce Commission

CENTRAL ILLINOIS LIGHT COMPANY

Docket No. 02-0837

June 11, 2003

1 Would you please state your name and business address? Q. 2 Α. Cheri L. Harden, 527 East Capitol Avenue, Springfield, Illinois 62701. 3 4 Are you the same Cheri Harden who filed direct testimony in this case? 5 Α. Yes I am. 6 7 What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony? Q. Α. The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond to issues raised by Central 8 9 Illinois Light Company ("CILCO" or "Company") witness Raymond J. Stillson 10 (CILCO Rebuttal Exhibit 4.4). Additionally, I will present revised rates and 11 associated schedules in response to Staff witness Bonnie Pearce's revised 12 revenue requirement proposals (ICC Staff Exhibit 7.0, Schedule 7.1). 13 14 Are you proposing changes to the rates offered in your direct testimony? 15 A. Yes. I have attached schedules ICC Staff Exhibit 10.0, Schedule 10.1, pages 1 16 through 5. 17 18 Q. Mr. Stillson is proposing 700 cfh as the appropriate breaking point between 19 Rate 550 and Rate 600 instead of the 315 cfh originally proposed. Do you accept this new breaking point? (Company Witness Stillson, Exhibit 4.4, 20 21 page 8)

Yes. I find 700 cfh an adequate breaking point between Rate 550 and Rate 600

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Α.

classes.

- Q. The Company opposes your rate design for Rate 510, are you changing your recommendation? (Company Witness Stillson, Exhibit 4.4, page 13)
 - A. No, I am not changing my recommendation. I am still proposing that the customer charge should be at 75% of cost and a flat rate structure for the delivery charge.

- Q. Did you review the entire rate design structure as Company witness Stillson suggests in his rebuttal testimony? (Company Witness Stillson, Exhibit 4.4, page 11)
- A. Yes I did. However, rate design is not an exact science, it requires that the analyst assign costs based on many factors. Any time that two or more rate designs are compared, it can be argued that cost shifting is taking place. Because costs may be shifted, based on the specific design of a rate, does not necessarily mean that my recommended residential rate is inappropriate.

My customer charge recommends that the percent of fully embedded customer charge move to 75%. This is a change from the 63% in the last rate case that was almost ten years ago. A move toward cost based rates is one goal of the general principles of rate design.

The flat rate concept is not an unusual rate design. Other gas utilities, as well as

electric utilities, in Illinois have flat rates for residential customers. Simply arguing that cost shifting occurs should not, by itself, be the sole determinant as to whether or not a specific rate design is appropriate.

Α.

Q. Does your rate design impact the Company's ability to recover its costs?

The rate design I propose will provide the Company the opportunity to recover its costs. Revenue requirement may be over, or under, recovered in a period of time for various reasons, including the number of customers, weather, general economic conditions and customer usage. For instance, the number of customers could increase substantially if a new large business locates in the Company's territory. This could cause the Company to over-recover. Under-recovery could occur if a large business closes or relocates out of the Company's territory. Warmer or colder weather during the summer and winter seasons will cause over or under-recovery. If the general economic conditions are good, customers may feel positive about their own "pocket-book" and increase their usage, thus possibly causing the Company to over-recover.

My recommendation for a flat rate delivery charge may cause customers to be more aware of their energy use and be more inclined to conserve. This is certainly the intent. Whether customers will choose to conserve is not yet known. Thus, in combination with the other possible causes of over and underrecovery that are described above, the Company may, or may not, actually

58		recover its revenue requirement in any particular year. The Company argument
59		that it may not recover its revenue requirement using my recommended rate
70		design is not valid because the Company may not recover its revenue
71		requirement under its own proposed rate structure.
72		
73		The results of my proposed rate design can be found in ICC Staff Exhibit 10.0,
74		Schedule 10.1, pages 1 through 5.
75		
76	Q.	Does the Company oppose your rate design for Rate 550 and Rate 600?
77	A.	No, the Company has accepted my flat rate design for the delivery charge for
78		Rate 550 and Rate 600 (as shown on CILCO Rebuttal Exhibit 4.6) as the
79		customer charge is set at full cost of service.
30		
31	Q.	Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony in this proceeding?
32	A.	Yes.

Central Illinois Light Company RS 510 - Residential Gas Service Proposed Rate Design - Staff Revised Rebuttal Page 1 of 5

Line <u>No.</u>	<u>Description</u> (a)	Block Break (b)	Annual Billing <u>Determinant</u> (c)	Proposed Distribution <u>Rates</u> (d)	Proposed Distribution <u>Revenues</u> (e)	Current Distribution Revenues (f)	Proposed Increase (g)	% Change (h)
1	Customer Charge (per Month)		2,280,996	\$12.10	\$27,600,052			
0	Delivery (per therm)	•	444.004.700	#0.0000	* 0			
2	Head Block	0	114,064,768	\$0.0000	\$0			
3	Tail Block		<u>65,815,426</u>	\$0.0000	<u>\$0</u>			
4	Total Delivery		179,880,194	\$0.1682	\$30,255,849			
5	Total All				\$57,855,900	\$50,865,759	\$6,990,141	13.74%
6 7	Target Revenue Over/(Under)				\$57,859,890 (\$3,990)			

Central Illinois Light Company RS 550 - Small General Gas Service Proposed Rate Design - Staff Revised Rebuttal Page 2 of 5

Line <u>No.</u>	Description (a)	Block Break (b)	Annual Billing <u>Determinant</u> (c)	Proposed Distribution <u>Rates</u> (d)	Proposed Distribution <u>Revenues</u> (e)	Current Distribution <u>Revenues</u> (f)	Proposed Increase (g)	% Change (h)
1	Customer Charge (per Month)		157,320	\$22.90	\$3,602,628			
	Delivery (per therm)							
2	Head Block	0	11,995,510	\$0.0000	\$0			
3	Tail Block		7,740,948	\$0.0000	<u>\$0</u>			
4	Total Delivery		19,736,458	\$0.1552	\$3,063,098			
5	Total All				\$6,665,726	\$6,322,165	\$343,561	5.43%
6	Target Revenue				\$6,665,706			
7	Over/(Under)				\$21			

Central Illinois Light Company RS 600 - General Gas Service Proposed Rate Design - Staff Revised Rebuttal Page 3 of 5

Line <u>No.</u>	Description (a)	Block Break (b)	Annual Billing <u>Determinant</u> (c)	Proposed Distribution <u>Rates</u> (d)	Proposed Distribution <u>Revenues</u> (e)	Current Distribution <u>Revenues</u> (f)	Proposed Increase (g)	% Change (h)
1	Customer Charge Std. (per Month)		54,360	\$119.30	\$6,485,148			
2	Customer Charge Non-Std. (per Month)		84	\$1,314.40	\$110,410			
3	Total Customer Charge				\$6,595,558			
	Delivery (per therm)							
4	Head Block		66,791,722	\$0.0000	\$0			
5	Tail Block		8,046,452	\$0.0000	<u>\$0</u>			
6	Total Delivery		74,838,174	\$0.1081	\$8,090,007			
7	Total All				\$14,685,564	\$11,390,817	\$3,294,747	28.92%
8 9	Target Revenue Over/(Under)				\$14,681,323 \$4,241			

Central Illinois Light Company RS 650 - Intermediate General Gas Service Proposed Rate Design - Staff Revised Rebuttal Page 4 of 5

Line <u>No.</u>	Description (a)	Annual Billing <u>Determinant</u> (b)	Proposed Distribution <u>Rates</u> (c)	Proposed Distribution <u>Revenues</u> (d)	Current Distribution Revenues (e)	Proposed Increase (f)	% Change (g)
1	Customer Charge (per Month)	360	\$1,314.40	\$473,184			
2	Demand Charge (per MDCQ therm)	1,942,056	\$0.9205	\$1,787,663			
3	Distribution Charge (per therm)	27,875,841	\$0.0100	\$278,758			
4	Total All	27,875,841		\$2,539,605	\$2,027,894	\$511,711	25.23%
5 6	Target Revenue Over/(Under)			\$2,539,807 (\$203)			

Central Illinois Light Company RS 700 - Large General Gas Service Proposed Rate Design - Staff Revised Rebuttal Page 5 of 5

Line <u>No.</u>	Description (a)	Annual Billing <u>Determinant</u> (b)	Proposed Distribution Rates (C)	Proposed Distribution <u>Revenues</u> (d)	Current Distribution <u>Revenues</u> (e)	Proposed Increase (f)	% Change (g)
1	Customer Charge (per Month)	60	\$2,761.00	\$165,660			
2	Demand Charge (per MDCQ therm)	4,226,604	\$0.2603	\$1,100,185			
3	Distribution Charge (per therm)	46,506,417	\$0.0100	\$465,064			
4	Total All	46,506,417		\$1,730,909	\$1,298,559	\$432,350	33.29%
5 6	Target Revenue Over/(Under)			\$1,731,109 (\$200)			